This MSDS consists of submerged fluxes and wires, and the list is as follow. The symbol () indicates MSDS No.

Submerged Flux OK Flux 50 (ESC 1-13-1)

OK Flux 80 (ESC 1-13-1)

K-66HF (ESC 1-13-1)

Submerged Wire OK Autrod 12.10 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 12.22 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 12.24 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 12.40 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 12.44 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 13.10 (ESC 1-16-1)

OK Autrod 13.20 (ESC 1-16-1)

Alloy Shield B1S (ESC 1-16-1)

Alloy Shield B2S (ESC 1-16-1)

Alloy Shield B3S (ESC 1-16-1)



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SDS No.: EN ESC 1-13-1 Data revised: 2013.12.02

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

A. Product Name Welding Material (Baked Type Flux for Submerged Arc Welding)

OK Flux 50, OK Flux 80, K-66HF

B. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

1) Recommended use Fused type flux for submerged arc welding (refer to product guide book)

2) Restrictions on use Refer to 7. Handling and Storage

C. Supplier's details

1) Name ESAB SeAH Corporation

2) Address 51 Seongju-dong, Seongsan-gu, Changwon, Kyungnam, Korea

3) Phone number 055-269-8111

D. Emergency phone number 055-269-8111, 055-269-8225

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

A. Classification of product Not classified

B. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

1) Pictograms (Hazard symbols) Not available

2) Signal word Not available

3) Hazard statements Not available

4) Precautionary statements

A) Prevention
 B) Response
 C) Storage
 Not available
 Not available
 Not available

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification No available data

D. Hazards During welding

When these products are used in a welding process, the most important hazards are heat, radiation, electric shock and welding fumes.

Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.

Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.

Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

Fumes: Overexposure to welding fume may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function.

1) **Prevention:** Welding fumes and gases may be dangerous to your health. Use adequate ventilation to keep fumes from the breathing zone. Arc rays may injure eyes and burn skin. Wear adequate hand, head, eye and body protection.

2) Response :. Not applicable

Storage: Stored locked up and keep dry.

4) Disposal: Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS



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SDS No.: EN ESC 1-13-1 Data revised: 2013.12.02

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

Ingredient	CAS No.	OK Flux 50	OK Flux 80
Aluminum Oxide (Al ₂ O ₃)	1344-28-1		10~30
Calcium Oxide (CaO)	1305-78-8	1~5	10~30
Calcium Fluoride (CaF ₂)	7789-75-5	1~5	1~5
Iron Oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃)	1309-37-1	1~5	1~5
Magnesium Oxide (MgO)	1309-48-4		5~10
Manganese Oxide (MnO)	1344-43-0	45~60	5~10
Silicon Dioxide (SiO ₂)	60676-86-0	15~40	10~30
AWS Classificat	-	-	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

A. Eye contact

If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.

To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at least twenty minutes.

For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician.

B. Skin contact

If skin irritation or erythema occurs, see physician.

Clean the contaminated clothing for reuse.

For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with plenty of cold water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, and isolate contaminated area.

To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water for at least twenty minutes.

C. Inhalation

If exposure, obtain medical assistance immediately.

Move to safety area.

If breathing has stopped, perform Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) and obtain medical assistance immediately.

If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.

Keep warm and stabilize body.

D. Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician.

E. Others

If exposure, obtain special medical assistance immediately.

Recognize materials and do protective action.

In an electric shock, Disconnect and turn off the power.

Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires.

If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth.

If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR).

Immediately call a physician.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

A. Suitable extinguishing media



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

No specific recommendations for welding consumables.

Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials.

Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation (CO2, water).

Cover fire site with dried sand or soil.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

A harmful gas will be produced at high temperature.

When heated, container may explode.

Friction, heat, and spark can ignite materials.

Materials can be re-ignited after extinguishing.

C. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear proper protective equipment.

Keep a certain distance and extinguish the fire.

If not dangerous, remove container.

If impossible extinguish, protect surround and extinguish itself.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, and spray.

Clean up the spilling and follow the section 8. C. individual protection measures.

Don't touch and don't wake around the spilling.

Remove all ignition sources.

If not dangerous, stop leaking.

Pay attention to the avoiding substances and condition.

B. Environmental precautions

The spilling can cause pollution.

Block the inflow to waterway, drain, basement, and enclosed area.

C. Method and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb the spilling with the Inert materials (dried sand or soil) and put it to chemical waste container.

Wash the contaminated area with water and soap.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. Precautions for safe handling

Don't' treat before reading and understanding all safe precautions.

Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, and spray.

Wash handling part after finishing handling.

Don't eat, drink, and smoke when treating.

Follow MSDS/label precautions when treating empty container.

Use with caution when handling and storing.

Remove the cap with caution.

If no a ventilation system, don't enter the storage area.

Prevent dust generation.

Don't touch products when welding.



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

Wear the nonconductive gloves.

Don't use damaged or wet gloves.

Wear insulating shoes at workplace.

Don't touch terminal of products, welding cable, and welding machine socket,

Don't wear wet clothing at conductive place.

Keep the instruction manual and precautions before welding.

Use proper welding cable and repair or exchange the damaged cables.

Remove hazardous materials (combustibles or flammable liquid) to prevent spatter from firing, or cover them with nonflammable materials.

Don't weld container or pipe with combustible or flammable materials, or enclosed container or pipre.

Don't put a hot welding material around combustible or flammable materials.

Remove hidden combustible or flammable materials when welding around celling, floor, and wall.

Keep extinguisher around workplace.

B. Conditions for safe storage

Keep away food and drink.

Store in a well-ventilated and low humidity place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A. Control parameters

1) Internal and external regulations

		Inte	rnal	Exteri		
Ingredients	CAS No.	TWA ⁽¹⁾ (mg/m ³)	STEL ⁽²⁾ (mg/m ³)	TLV ⁽³⁾ (mg/m ³)	PEL ⁽⁴⁾ (mg/m ³)	Notes
Aluminum Oxide (Al ₂ O ₃)	1344-28-1	10	-	1**(as Al)	15*, 5**	
Calcium Fluoride (CaF ₂)	7789-75-5	-	-	2.5	2.5	
Calcium Oxide (CaO)	1305-78-8	2	-	2	5	
Iron Oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃)	1309-37-1	5	-	5**	10 (fume)	
Magnesium Oxide (MgO)	1309-48-4	10	-	10***	15*	
Manganese Oxide (MnO)	1344-43-0	1	3	-	-	
Silicon Dioxide (SiO ₂)	60676-86-0	0.1	-	-	10**** / (%SiO ₂ +2)	

(1) TWA: Time Weighted Average

(2) STEL: Short Time Exposure Limit

(3) TLV: Threshold Limit Values according to American Conference of Governmental Hygienists, 2012

(4) PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits according to the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

* Total dust, ** Respirable fraction, *** Inhalable fraction.

 $^{\rm A}$ Value from OSHA expressed in PPM and value shown is conversion to ${\rm mg/m^3}$

AIHA WEEL (particulates only)

Respirable dust

2) Biological limit values

Not available

B. Appropriate engineering controls

To install local ventilation system in the vicinity of welding fume sources is more effective than to deal with fume spreaded at workplace



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

Natural ventilation: If the concentration is low, the space is 284m³ or more per two workers, and a ceiling height of space

is more 5 meter, the natural ventilation is applied. It is also applied to the non-enclosed space with

dilution.

Local ventilation: Install the appropriate local ventilation system depending on the nature of processing and welding

materials. If the local ventilation is installed newly, the combined type, local air supply and local exhaust, is recommended. Local ventilation system installed closer to the worker as possible is desirable. It must have the ventability lower than the expoosure limit. It is the most effective system to remove fume, but if the exhaust is too larger, welding defects will be occurred because of disturbance

of the shelding gas. Workers should turn on it while working and conduct maintenance.

Portable local ventilation: It is applied when working in a confined space such as ship-body assembly or in the tank.

Local air supply and local exhaust takes place at the same time. If necessary, run all the time. If welding fume exhausts to other workplace, portable dust collection equipment should be

installed.

Full ventilation: Workplace is ventilzed with fans and blowers. It is effective when workplace is a relatively small volume.

To remove fume, parallel push-pull ventilation should be considered. It should be designed and installed

accordding to the workplace.

C. Individual protection measures

Use proective equipment cerified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health agency while welding.

1) Respiratory protecton

To prevent fume or hazardous gases, wear a mask while welding as below.

Dust mask: Wear it in a bad ventilation condition while welding.

Remove dust or dry frequently after using.

Gas mask: Wear a gas mask when ventilation is not sufficient such as inside the tank or in a narrow place.

Select a gas mask that can be used to combined with protective goggles

Use the proper canister according to hazardous substance.

Air-supplied respirator: Use air-line mask with compressed air.

2) Eye protection

Use a facial mask with filter screen from the ultraviolet of arc or spatter. There are face shield helmet or hand shielded helmet.

Use shielding grade as welding type.

Welding type	Shielding grade
Shielded metal arc welding	10-12
Gas metal arc welding	11-12
Gas tungsten arc welding	12
Flux cored arc welding	11-12

3) Hand protection

Wear the nonconductive gloves.

Don't use damaged or wet gloves.

4) Body protection

Wear leather apron and welding gloves to prevent burns and take insulating shoes at workplace.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. Appearance

1) Physical state Solid

2) Colour Silver or gray



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Not available
Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

A. Reactivity, chemical stability, and possibility of hazardous reactions

Although may be burnt, ignition is difficult.

During fire, irritant gases and fume will be produced.

B. Conditions to avoid

Ignition sources (heat, spark, blaze)

C. Incompatible materials

Combustible or flammable materials, chemical substances like acids and strong bases

D. Hazardous decomposition products

May produce irritant gases and fume

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. In	formation	on the li	ely routes	of exposure	Not available
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B. Health hazard information

1) Acute toxicity	Not available
A) Oral	Not available
B) Dermal	Not available
C) Inhalation	Not available
2) Skin corrosion/irritation	Not available
3) Serious eye damage/irritation	Not available
4) Respiratory sensitization	Not available
5) Skin sensitization	Not available



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6) Carcinogenicity	Not available
A) Occupation safety and health acts	Not available
B) The ministry of employment and labor	Not available
C) IARC	Not available
D) OSHA	Not available
E) ACGIH	Not available
F) NTP	Not available
G) EU CLP	Not available
7) Germ cell mutagenicity	Not available
8) Reproductive toxicity	Not available
9) STOT-single exposure	Not available
10) STOT-repeated exposure	Not available
11) Aspiration hazard	Not available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

^		V10	+./
Α.	10	K I L	ity

1) Fish Not available2) Crustacea Not available3) Brids Not available

B. Persistence and degradability

1) Persistence Not available2) Degradability Not available

C. Bioaccumulative potential

1) Bioconcentration factorNot available2) BiodegradationNot availableD. Mobility in soilNot availableE. Other advers effectsNot available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

A. Disposal methodB. PrecautionsDisposal contents and container as wastes control act.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

A. UN number

B. UN proper shipping name

C. Transport hazard class

Not available

D. Packing group

Not available

E. Environmental hazards

Not available

F. Special precautions for user

1) Fire emergency action Not available



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

2) Leak emergency action

Not available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

A. Internal regulation

No available internal regulation against products.

		0	ccupation Safe		Safety				
Ingredient	Control material	Work environment monitoring material	Special health monitoring material	Exposure standard material	Acceptable standard material	Permission material	Toxic Chemicals Control Act	Control of Dangerous Substances Act	Wastes Control Act
Al ₂ O ₃	0	0	0	0	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х
CaF ₂	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	specified
CaO	Х	Х	X	0	X	Χ	X	X	specified
Fe ₂ O ₃	0	0	0	0	X	Χ	X	Х	Х
MgO	0	0	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	specified
MnO	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	specified
SiO ₂	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	X	Х	Х	Х

Work environment monitoring material: unless noted, measure every 6 months.

Special health monitoring material : unless noted, measure every 12 months.

O : included X : not included

B. Other internal or external regulations

No available other internal or external regulation against products.

Ingredient	Al ₂ O ₃	CaF ₂	CaO	Fe ₂ O ₃	MgO	MnO	SiO ₂	
Internal regulation								
Persistent Organic Pollutant Act	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	
External regulation								
OSHA	X	Х	Χ	X	Х	X	Χ	
CERCLA	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Χ	
EPCRA 302	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
EPCRA 304	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
EPCRA 313	included	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Rotterdam convention material	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Stockholm convention material	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Montreal protocol material	X	Х	Χ	X	Х	X	Χ	
EU classification (result)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
EU classification (R-phrase)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
EU classification (S-phrase)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

X: not included.

16. OTHER INFORMATION



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

EU REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

EU DIRECTIVE 2009/2/EC

The Ministry of Employment and Labor notification No. 2012-31

Threshold Limit Values according to American Conference of Governmental Hygienists, 2012

Permissible Exposure Limits according to the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

Chemical Information System (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/ncis)

Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency (http://www.kosha.or.kr)

National Emergency Management Agency (http://www.nema.go.kr)

B. First issued date 2013. 06. 11

C. Revision

1) Revision No.

2) Date revised 2013.12.02



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SDS No.: EN ESC 1-16-1 Data revised: 2013.12.02

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

A. Product Name Welding Material (Wire for Submerged Arc Welding)

OK Autrod 12.10, OK Autrod 12.22, OK Autrod 12.24, OK Autrod 12.40, OK Autrod 12.44, OK Autrod 13.10, OK Autrod 13.20, Alloy Shield B1S, Alloy Shield B2S,

Alloy Shield B3S

B. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

1) Recommended use Wire for submerged arc welding (refer to product guide book)

2) Restrictions on use Refer to 7. Handling and Storage

C. Supplier's details

1) Name ESAB SeAH Corporation

2) Address 51 Seongju-dong, Seongsan-gu, Changwon, Kyungnam, Korea

3) Phone number 055-269-8111

D. Emergency phone number 055-269-8111, 055-269-8225

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

A. Classification of product Not classified

B. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms (Hazard symbols)
 Signal word
 Hazard statements
 Not available
 Not available

4) Precautionary statements

A) Prevention

Not available

B) Response

C) Storage

Not available

Not available

Not available

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification No available data

D. Hazards During welding

When these products are used in a welding process, the most important hazards are heat, radiation, electric shock and welding fumes.

Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.

Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.

Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

Fumes: Overexposure to welding fume may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function.

1) **Prevention :** Welding fumes and gases may be dangerous to your health. Use adequate ventilation to keep fumes from the breathing zone. Arc rays may injure eyes and burn skin. Wear adequate hand, head, eye and body protection.

2) Response: . Not applicable

3) Storage: Stored locked up and keep dry.



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4) Disposal: Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	OK Autrod 12.10	OK Autrod 12.22	OK Autrod 12.24	OK Autrod 12.40	OK Autrod 12.44
Chromium (Cr)	7440-47-3	-	-	-	-	-
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Iron (Fe)	7439-89-6	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.
Manganese (Mn)	7439-96-5	<1	1~2	1~2	1.7~2.2	1.65~2.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	7439-98-7	-	-	<1	-	<1
Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
AWS Classification		A5.17 F6A4-EL12 F6P5-EL12	A5.17 F7A8-EM12K F6P8-EM12K	A5.23 F8A6-EA2-A2 F7P6-EA2-A2	A5.17 F7A6-EH14 F7P6-EH14	A5.23 F9A8-EA3-A3 F9P8-EA3-A3

Ingredient	CAS No.	OK Autrod 13.10	OK Autrod 13.20	Alloy Shield B1S	Alloy Shield B2S	Alloy Shield B3S
Chromium (Cr)	7440-47-3	1~1.75	2.25~3	<1	1~1.5	2~2.5
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Iron (Fe)	7439-89-6	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.	Bal.
Manganese (Mn)	7439-96-5	0.45~1.0	0.4~0.8	<2	<1.5	<1.5
Molybdenum (Mo)	7439-98-7	<1	0.9~1.1	<1	<1	0.9~1.2
Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
AWS Classification		A5.23 F9PZ-EB2-B2	A5.23 F9P0-EB3-B3	-	A5.23 F8PZ-ECB2- B2	A5.23 F9PZ-ECB3- B3

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

A. Eye contact

If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.

To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at least twenty minutes.

For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician.

B. Skin contact

If skin irritation or erythema occurs, see physician.

Clean the contaminated clothing for reuse.

For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with plenty of cold water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, and isolate contaminated area.

To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water for at least twenty minutes.

C. Inhalation

If exposure, obtain medical assistance immediately.

Move to safety area.

If breathing has stopped, perform Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) and obtain medical assistance immediately.

If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.

Keep warm and stabilize body.



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SDS No.: EN ESC 1-16-1 Data revised: 2013.12.02

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

D. Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician.

E. Others

If exposure, obtain special medical assistance immediately.

Recognize materials and do protective action.

In an electric shock, Disconnect and turn off the power.

Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires.

If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth.

If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR).

Immediately call a physician.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

A. Suitable extinguishing media

No specific recommendations for welding consumables.

Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials.

Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation (CO2, water).

Cover fire site with dried sand or soil.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

A harmful gas will be produced at high temperature.

When heated, container may explode.

Friction, heat, and spark can ignite materials.

Materials can be re-ignited after extinguishing.

C. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear proper protective equipment.

Keep a certain distance and extinguish the fire.

If not dangerous, remove container.

If impossible extinguish, protect surround and extinguish itself.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, and spray.

Clean up the spilling and follow the section 8. C. individual protection measures.

Don't touch and don't wake around the spilling.

Remove all ignition sources.

If not dangerous, stop leaking.

Pay attention to the avoiding substances and condition.

B. Environmental precautions

The spilling can cause pollution.

Block the inflow to waterway, drain, basement, and enclosed area.

C. Method and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb the spilling with the Inert materials (dried sand or soil) and put it to chemical waste container.



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This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

Wash the contaminated area with water and soap.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. Precautions for safe handling

Don't' treat before reading and understanding all safe precautions.

Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, and spray.

Wash handling part after finishing handling.

Don't eat, drink, and smoke when treating.

Follow MSDS/label precautions when treating empty container.

Use with caution when handling and storing.

Remove the cap with caution.

If no a ventilation system, don't enter the storage area.

Prevent dust generation.

Don't touch products when welding.

Wear the nonconductive gloves.

Don't use damaged or wet gloves.

Wear insulating shoes at workplace.

Don't touch terminal of products, welding cable, and welding machine socket,

Don't wear wet clothing at conductive place.

Keep the instruction manual and precautions before welding.

Use proper welding cable and repair or exchange the damaged cables.

Remove hazardous materials (combustibles or flammable liquid) to prevent spatter from firing, or cover them with nonflammable materials.

Don't weld container or pipe with combustible or flammable materials, or enclosed container or pipre.

Don't put a hot welding material around combustible or flammable materials.

Remove hidden combustible or flammable materials when welding around celling, floor, and wall.

Keep extinguisher around workplace.

B. Conditions for safe storage

Keep away food and drink.

Store in a well-ventilated and low humidity place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A. Control parameters

1) Internal and external regulations

		Inte	rnal	Exter		
Ingredients	CAS No.	TWA ⁽¹⁾ (mg/m ³)	STEL ⁽²⁾ (mg/m ³)	TLV ⁽³⁾ (mg/m ³)	PEL ⁽⁴⁾ (mg/m ³)	Notes
Chromium (Cr)	7440-47-3	0.5	-	0.5	1	
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	1	2	1	1	
Iron (Fe)	7439-89-6	-	-	5**	10 (fume)	
Manganese (Mn)	7439-96-5	1	3	0.2	5	
Molybdenum (Mo)	7439-98-7	10*, 5**	-	3**, 10***	15*	
Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	10	-	-	15*, 5**-	



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SDS No.: EN ESC 1-16-1 Data revised: 2013.12.02

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the guidance on Occupation Safety and Health Act and enforcement regulations.

(1) TWA: Time Weighted Average (2) STEL: Short Time Exposure Limit

(3) TLV: Threshold Limit Values according to American Conference of Governmental Hygienists, 2012

(4) PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits according to the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

* Total dust, ** Respirable fraction, *** Inhalable fraction.

^ Value from OSHA expressed in PPM and value shown is conversion to mg/m³

AIHA WEEL (particulates only)

Respirable dust

2) Biological limit values

Not available

B. Appropriate engineering controls

To install local ventilation system in the vicinity of welding fume sources is more effective than to deal with fume spreaded at workplace

Natural ventilation: If the concentration is low, the space is 284m³ or more per two workers, and a ceiling height of space is more 5 meter, the natural ventilation is applied. It is also applied to the non-enclosed space with dilution.

Local ventilation: Install the appropriate local ventilation system depending on the nature of processing and welding materials. If the local ventilation is installed newly, the combined type, local air supply and local exhaust, is recommended. Local ventilation system installed closer to the worker as possible is desirable. It must have the ventability lower than the expoosure limit. It is the most effective system to remove fume, but if the exhaust is too larger, welding defects will be occurred because of disturbance of the shelding gas. Workers should turn on it while working and conduct maintenance.

Portable local ventilation: It is applied when working in a confined space such as ship-body assembly or in the tank. Local air supply and local exhaust takes place at the same time. If necessary, run all the time. If welding fume exhausts to other workplace, portable dust collection equipment should be installed.

Full ventilation: Workplace is ventilzed with fans and blowers. It is effecive when workplace is a relatively small volume. To remove fume, parallel push-pull ventilation should be considered. It should be designed and installed accordding to the workplace.

C. Individual protection measures

Use proective equipment cerified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health agency while welding.

1) Respiratory protecton

To prevent fume or hazardous gases, wear a mask while welding as below.

Dust mask: Wear it in a bad ventilation condition while welding.

Remove dust or dry frequently after using.

Gas mask: Wear a gas mask when ventilation is not sufficient such as inside the tank or in a narrow place.

Select a gas mask that can be used to combined with protective goggles

Use the proper canister according to hazardous substance.

Air-supplied respirator: Use air-line mask with compressed air.

2) Eye protection

Use a facial mask with filter screen from the ultraviolet of arc or spatter. There are face shield helmet or hand shielded helmet.

Use shielding grade as welding type.

<u> </u>	3 71	
	Welding type	Shielding grade
	Shielded metal arc welding	10-12
	Gas metal arc welding	11-12



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Gas tungsten arc welding 12 Flux cored arc welding 11-12

3) Hand protection

Wear the nonconductive gloves.

Don't use damaged or wet gloves.

4) Body protection

1) Physical state

Wear leather apron and welding gloves to prevent burns and take insulating shoes at workplace.

Solid

Not available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. Appearance

2) Colour Silver or gray B. Odour Not available Not available C. Odour threshold Not available D. pH E. Melting point/freezing point Not available F. Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available Not available G. Flash point

Not available H. Evaporation rate I. Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not available J Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Not available K. Vapour pressure Not available Not available L. Vapour density M. Relative density Not available Not available N. Solubility O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available P. Auto-ignition temperature Not available Not available **Q** Decomposition temperature Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

A. Reactivity, chemical stability, and possibility of hazardous reactions

Although may be burnt, ignition is difficult.

During fire, irritant gases and fume will be produced.

B. Conditions to avoid

R. Viscosity

S. Molecular weight

Ignition sources (heat, spark, blaze)

C. Incompatible materials

Combustible or flammable materials, chemical substances like acids and strong bases

D. Hazardous decomposition products

May produce irritant gases and fume



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Not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure Not available

B. Health hazard information

1) Acute toxicity Not available A) Oral Not available

Not available B) Dermal

Not available C) Inhalation

2) Skin corrosion/irritation Not available

3) Serious eye damage/irritation Not available

4) Respiratory sensitization Not available

5) Skin sensitization Not available

6) Carcinogenicity Not available Not available

A) Occupation safety and health acts B) The ministry of employment and labor Not available

C) IARC Not available

D) OSHA Not available

Not available E) ACGIH

F) NTP Not available

G) EU CLP 7) Germ cell mutagenicity Not available

8) Reproductive toxicity Not available

Not available 9) STOT-single exposure

10) STOT-repeated exposure Not available

Not available 11) Aspiration hazard

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Toxicity

1) Fish Not available 2) Crustacea Not available Not available 3) Brids

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available 1) Persistence 2) Degradability Not available

C. Bioaccumulative potential

1) Bioconcentration factor Not available Not available 2) Biodegradation D. Mobility in soil Not available E. Other advers effects Not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS



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A. Disposal method Disposal contents and container as wastes control act.

B. Precautions Disposal contents and container as wastes control act.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

A. UN number

B. UN proper shipping name

C. Transport hazard class

D. Packing group

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

F. Special precautions for user

1) Fire emergency actionNot available2) Leak emergency actionNot available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

A. Internal regulation

No available internal regulation against products.

	Occupation Safety and Health Act							Safety	
-	Control material	Work environment monitoring material	Special health monitoring material	Exposure standard material	Acceptable standard material	Permission material	Toxic Chemicals Control Act	Control of Dangerous Substances Act	Wastes Control Act
Cr	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	Х	Х
Cu	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	X	Х	specified
Fe	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Mn	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Мо	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	specified
Si	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	500kg	specified

Work environment monitoring material: unless noted, measure every 6 months.

Special health monitoring material : unless noted, measure every 12 months.

O : included X : not included

B. Other internal or external regulations

No available other internal or external regulation against products.

Ingredient	Cr	Cu	Fe	Mn	Мо	Si			
Internal regulation									
Persistent Organic Pollutant Act	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
External regulation	External regulation								
OSHA	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
CERCLA	2267.995kg	2267.995kg	X	X	Х	Х			
EPCRA 302	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
EPCRA 304	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
EPCRA 313	included	included	Х	included	Х	Х			



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Rotterdam convention material	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Stockholm convention material	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Montreal protocol material	X	X	X	X	X	Х
EU classification (result)	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
EU classification (R-phrase)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
EU classification (S-phrase)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

X: not included.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

A. References

EU REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

EU DIRECTIVE 2009/2/EC

The Ministry of Employment and Labor notification No. 2012-31

Threshold Limit Values according to American Conference of Governmental Hygienists, 2012

Permissible Exposure Limits according to the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

Chemical Information System (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/ncis)

Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency (http://www.kosha.or.kr)

National Emergency Management Agency (http://www.nema.go.kr)

B. First issued date 2013. 06. 11

C. Revision

1) Revision No.

2) Date revised 2013.12.02